



# Marion County 4K AADTT 2W1L on Overlay on HMA on CompAgg



File Name: \\iotisip01pa\dot-darwin\$\Projects\\_DarWinME Inputs\HMA Materials Input Files\Asphalt Material Properties New\Greenfield\HMA Surface\Marion County 4K AADTT 2W1L

## Design Inputs

Design Life: 4 years

Existing construction: May, 2024

Climate Data 39.71, -86.272

Design Type: ACC\_ACC

Pavement construction: June, 2024

Sources (Lat/Lon)

Traffic opening: September, 2024

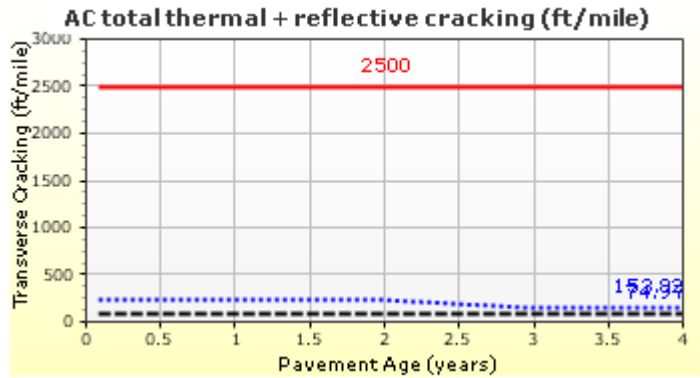
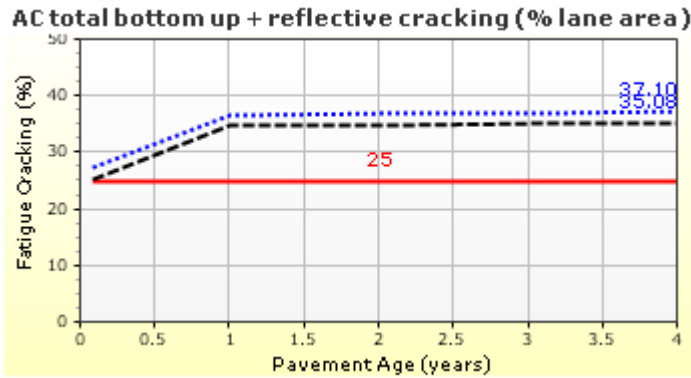
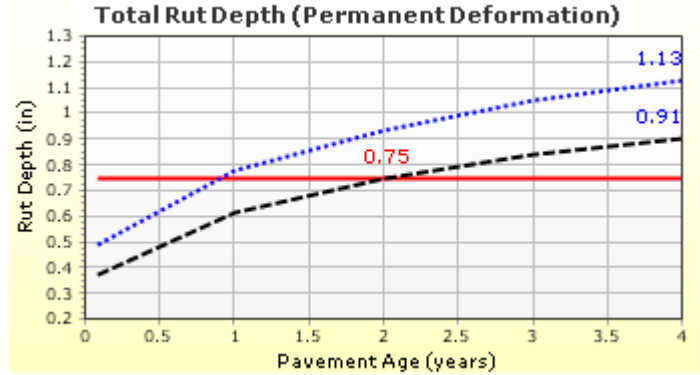
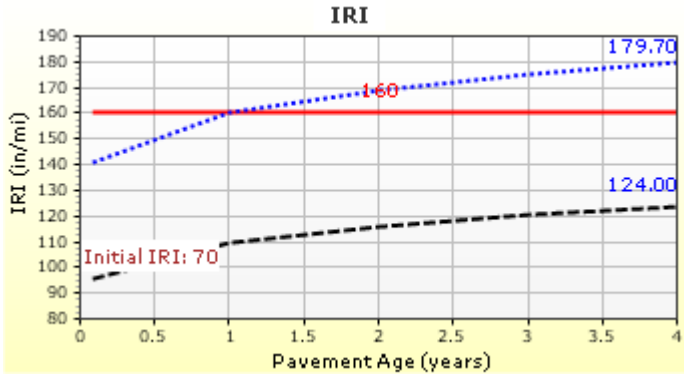
Design Structure				Traffic		
Layer type	Material Type	Thickness (in)	Volumetric at Construction:		Age (year)	Heavy Trucks (cumulative)
Flexible (OL)	Greenfield, 4, 76, SURFACE, 9.5 mm	1.5	Effective binder content (%)	11.6	2024 (initial)	4,000
Flexible (existing)	Existing Asphalt 19.0mm	7.5	Air voids (%)	7.0	2026 (2 years)	2,936,790
NonStabilized	Crushed stone	3.0			2028 (4 years)	5,932,710
NonStabilized	Subgrade Treatment (#53 Aggregate)	6.0				
Subgrade	A-6	Semi-infinite				

## Design Outputs

### Distress Prediction Summary

Distress Type	Distress @ Specified Reliability		Reliability (%)		Criterion Satisfied?
	Target	Predicted	Target	Achieved	
Terminal IRI (in/mile)	160.00	179.74	95.00	85.60	Fail
Permanent deformation - total pavement (in)	0.75	1.13	95.00	11.69	Fail
AC total fatigue cracking: bottom up + reflective (% lane area)	25.00	37.10	95.00	0.00	Fail
AC total transverse cracking: thermal + reflective (ft/mile)	2500.00	153.92	95.00	100.00	Pass
Permanent deformation - AC only (in)	0.40	0.47	95.00	81.65	Fail
AC bottom-up fatigue cracking (% lane area)	10.00	0.00	50.00	100.00	Pass
AC thermal cracking (ft/mile)	500.00	0.01	50.00	100.00	Pass
AC top-down fatigue cracking (ft/mile)	2000.00	1143.05	95.00	99.80	Pass

## Distress Charts



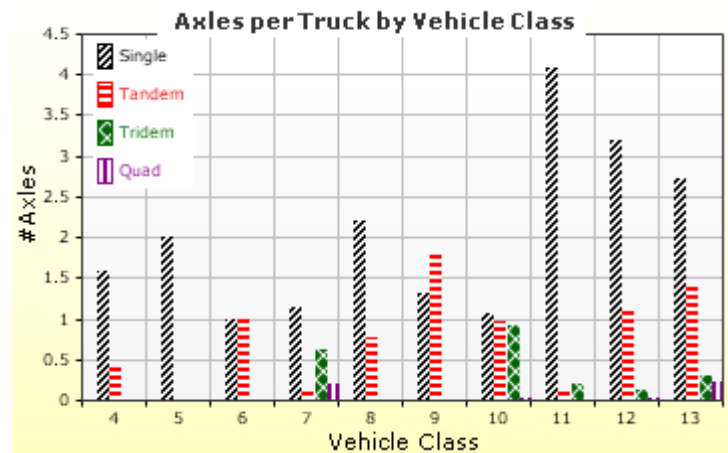
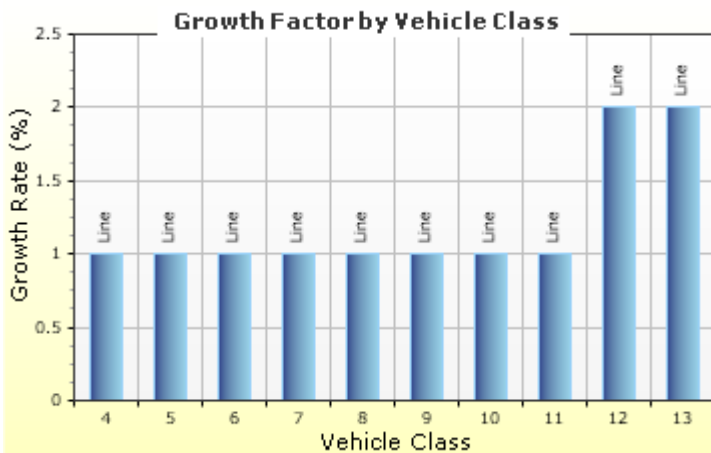
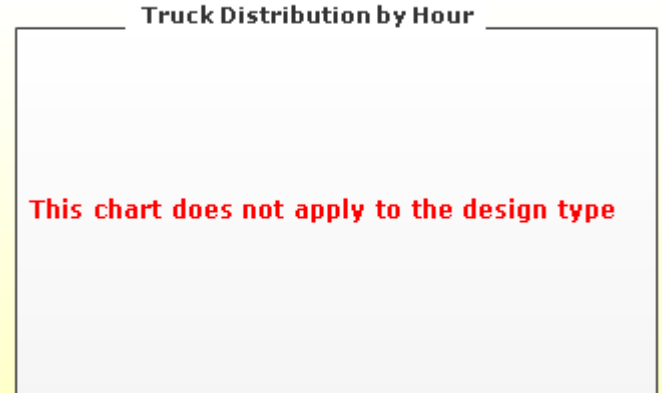
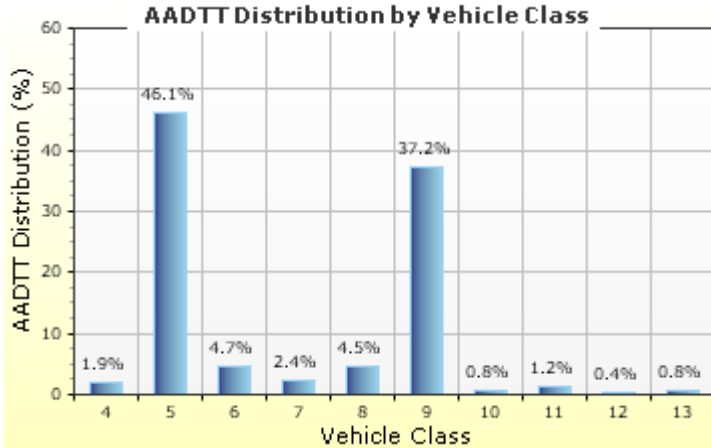
— Threshold Value    ..... @ Specified Reliability    --- @ 50% Reliability

## Traffic Inputs

### Graphical Representation of Traffic Inputs

Initial two-way AADTT: 4,000  
Number of lanes in design direction: 1

Percent of trucks in design direction (%): 100.0  
Percent of trucks in design lane (%): 100.0  
Operational speed (mph): 30.0



### Traffic Volume Monthly Adjustment Factors



## Tabular Representation of Traffic Inputs

### Volume Monthly Adjustment Factors

Level 3: Default MAF

Month	Vehicle Class									
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
January	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.0
February	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.9
March	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.9
April	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4
May	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.4
June	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.8
July	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5
August	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.5
September	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.5
October	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.3
November	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0
December	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.9

### Distributions by Vehicle Class

Vehicle Class	AADTT Distribution (%) (Level 3)	Growth Factor	
		Rate (%)	Function
Class 4	1.9%	1%	Linear
Class 5	46.1%	1%	Linear
Class 6	4.7%	1%	Linear
Class 7	2.4%	1%	Linear
Class 8	4.5%	1%	Linear
Class 9	37.2%	1%	Linear
Class 10	0.8%	1%	Linear
Class 11	1.2%	1%	Linear
Class 12	0.4%	2%	Linear
Class 13	0.8%	2%	Linear

### Truck Distribution by Hour does not apply

### Axle Configuration

Traffic Wander		Axle Configuration	
Mean wheel location (in)	18.0	Average axle width (ft)	8.5
Traffic wander standard deviation (in)	10.0	Dual tire spacing (in)	12.0
Design lane width (ft)	12.0	Tire pressure (psi)	120.0

Average Axle Spacing	
Tandem axle spacing (in)	51.6
Tridem axle spacing (in)	49.2
Quad axle spacing (in)	49.2

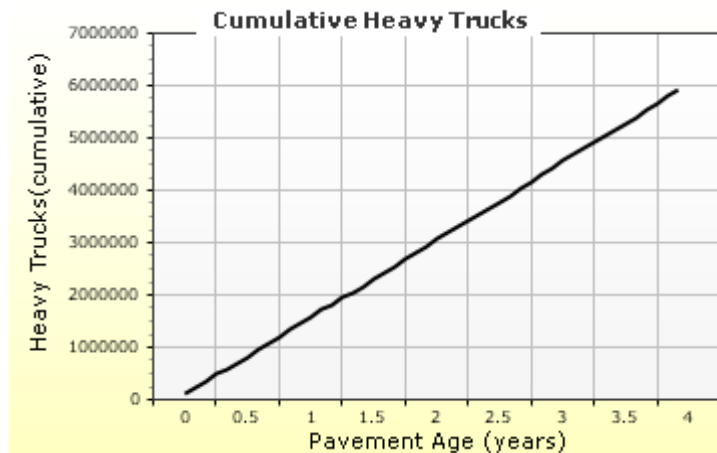
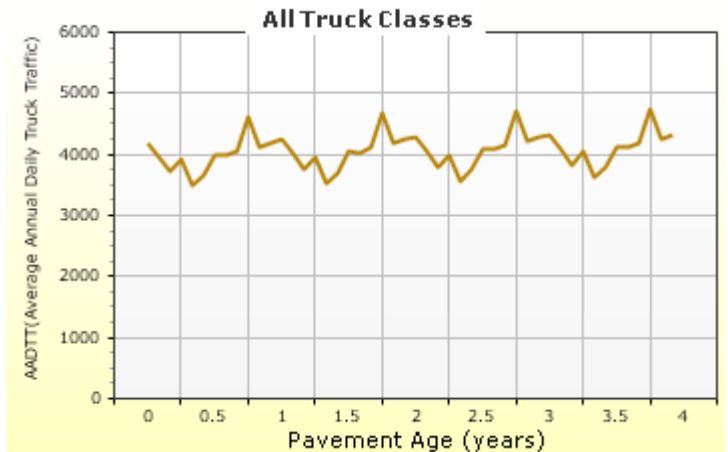
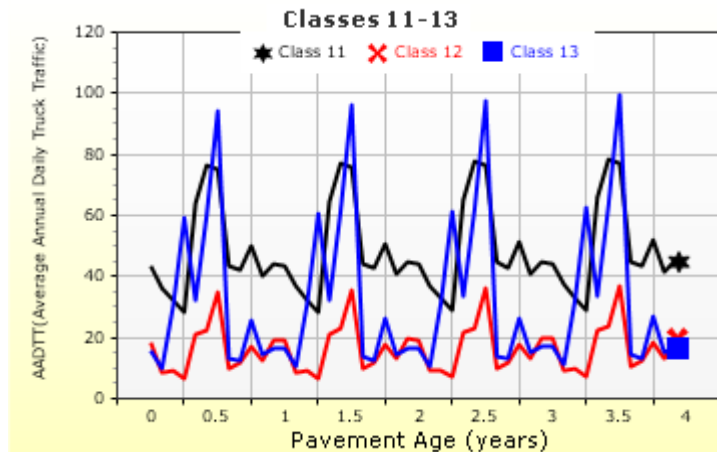
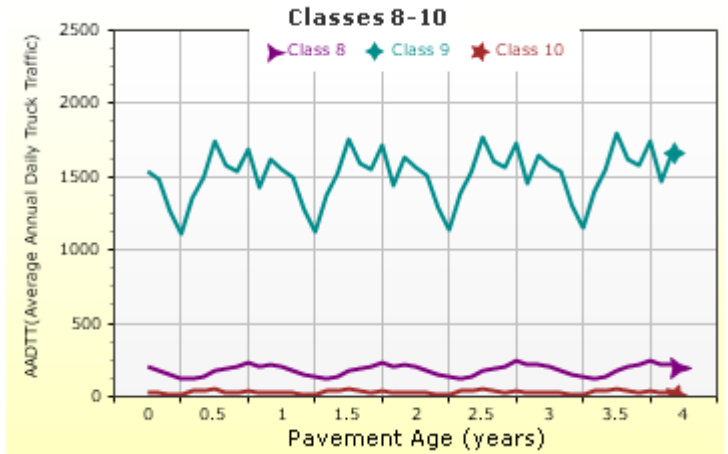
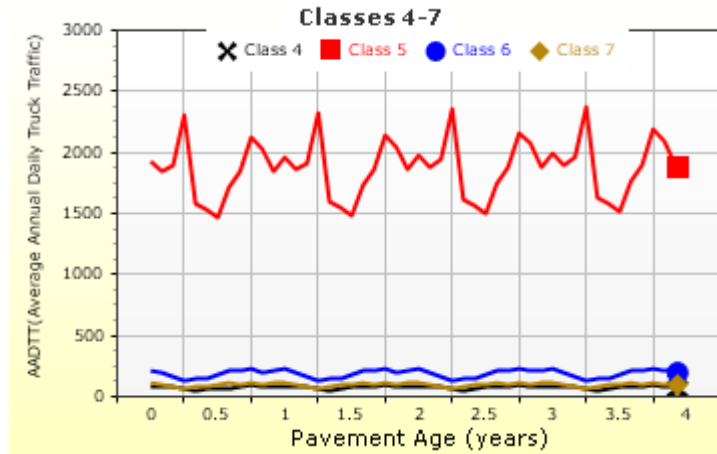
Wheelbase does not apply

### Number of Axles per Truck

Vehicle Class	Single Axle	Tandem Axle	Tridem Axle	Quad Axle
Class 4	1.58	0.41	0	0
Class 5	2	0	0	0
Class 6	1	1	0	0
Class 7	1.14	0.14	0.64	0.2
Class 8	2.21	0.78	0	0
Class 9	1.3	1.84	0	0
Class 10	1.07	0.98	0.93	0.03
Class 11	4.09	0.14	0.2	0
Class 12	3.18	1.14	0.13	0.03
Class 13	2.73	1.38	0.31	0.24

## AADTT (Average Annual Daily Truck Traffic) Growth

\* Traffic cap is not enforced



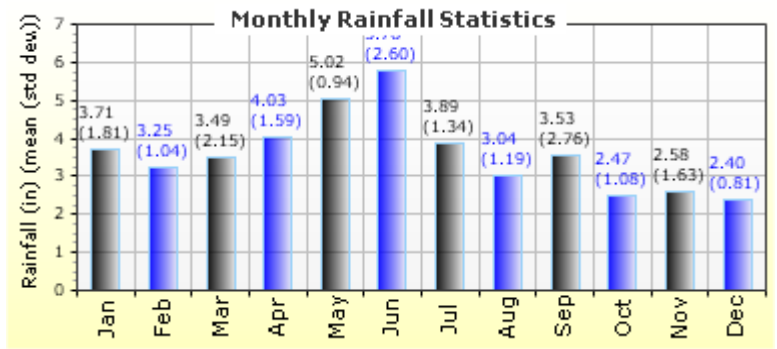
## Climate Inputs

### Climate Data Sources:

Climate Station Cities: Location (lat lon elevation(ft))  
**INDIANAPOLIS, IN** 39.71000 -86.27200 790

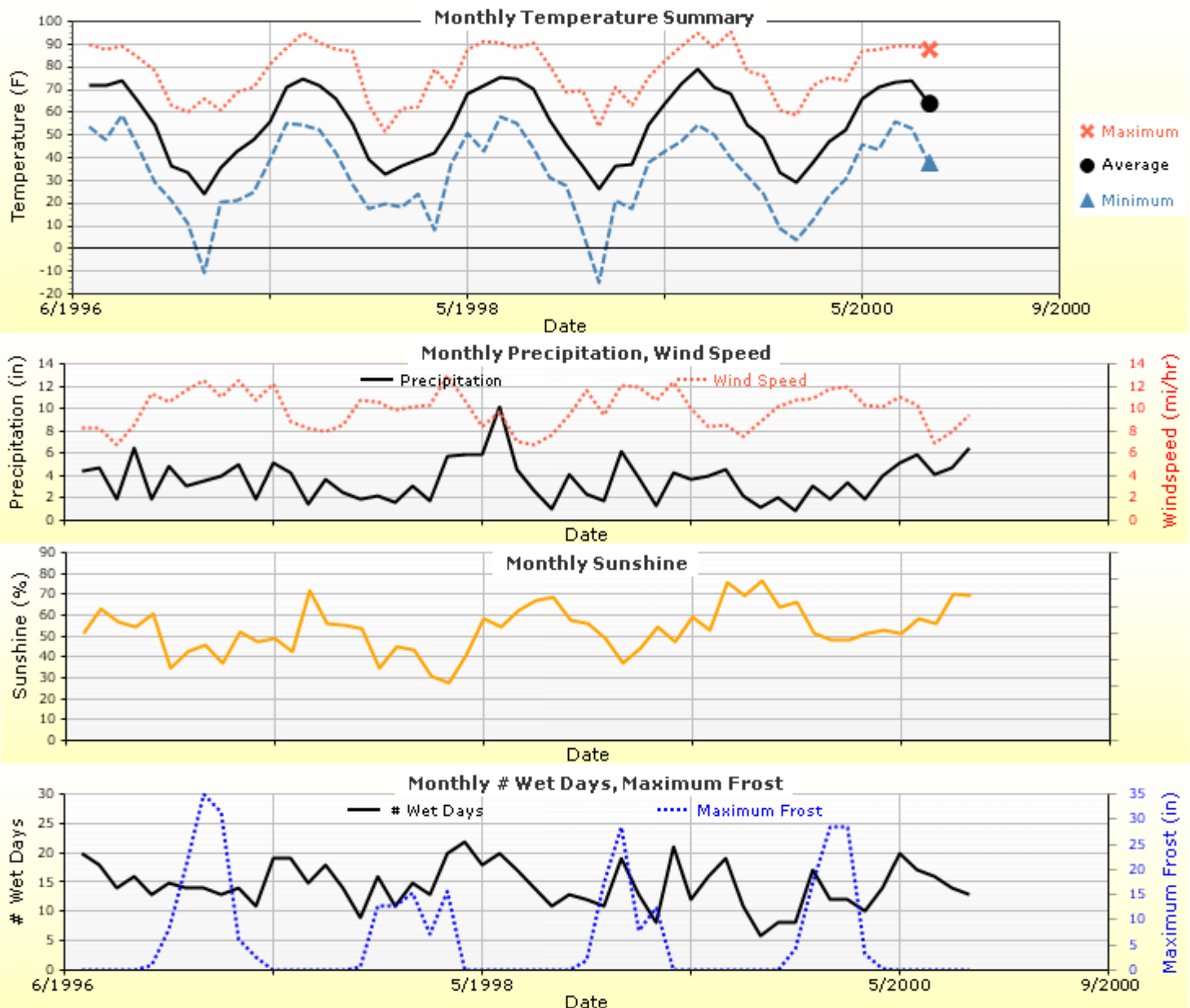
### Annual Statistics:

Mean annual air temperature (°F) 54.73  
 Mean annual precipitation (in) 43.56  
 Freezing index (°F - days) 321.80  
 Average annual number of freeze/thaw cycles: 57.61



Water table depth (ft) 5.00

### Monthly Climate Summary:



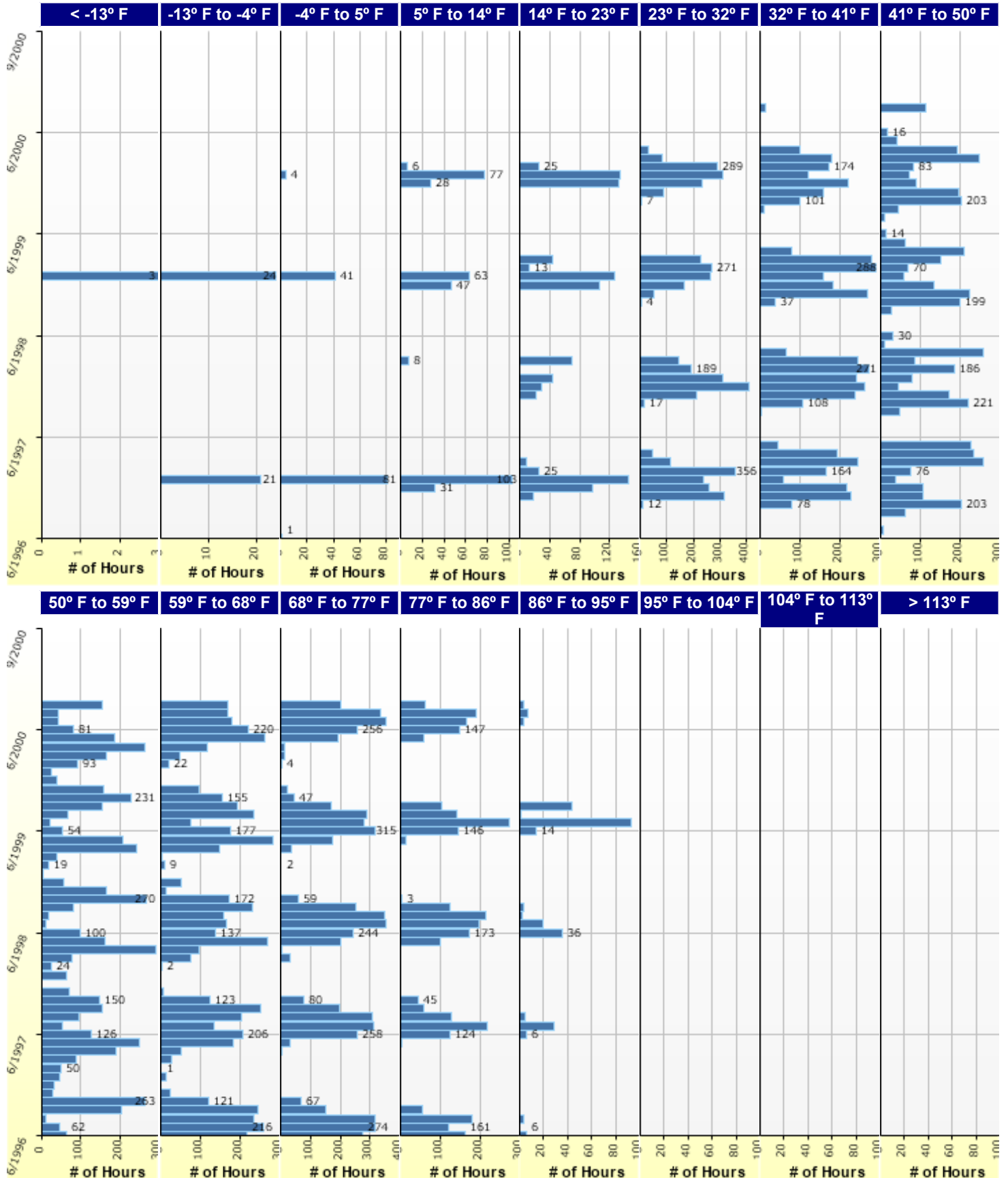


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## Hourly Air Temperature Distribution by Month:



## Design Properties

### HMA Design Properties

Use Multilayer Rutting Model	False	Layer Name	Layer Type	Interface Friction
Using G* based model (not nationally calibrated)	False	Layer 1 Flexible : Greenfield, 4, 76, SURFACE, 9.5 mm	Flexible (1)	1.00
Is NCHRP 1-37A HMA Rutting Model Coefficients	True	Layer 2 Flexible : Existing Asphalt 19.0mm(existing)	Flexible (1)	1.00
Endurance Limit	-	Layer 3 Non-stabilized Base : Crushed stone	Non-stabilized Base (4)	1.00
Use Reflective Cracking	True	Layer 4 Non-stabilized Base : Subgrade Treatment (#53 Aggregate)	Non-stabilized Base (4)	1.00
Structure - ICM Properties		Layer 5 Subgrade : A-6	Subgrade (5)	-
AC surface shortwave absorptivity	0.85			

### HMA Rehabilitation (Input Level: 3)

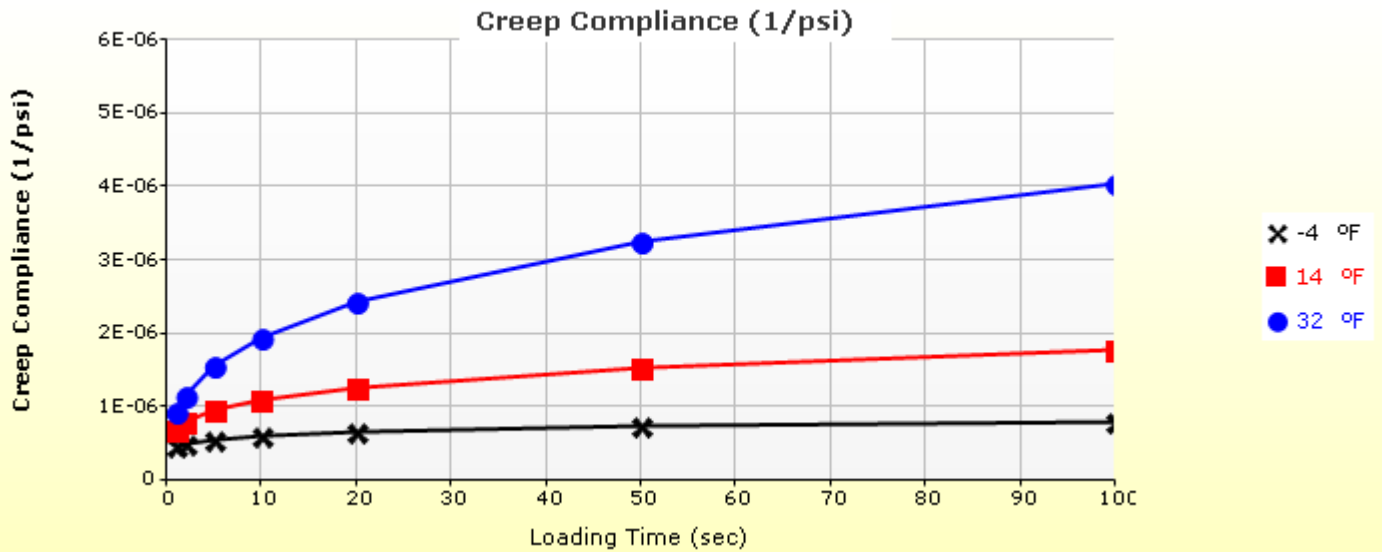
Milled thickness (in)	0.00
Structural rating	Fair
Environmental rating	Good
Total rut depth (in)	0.00



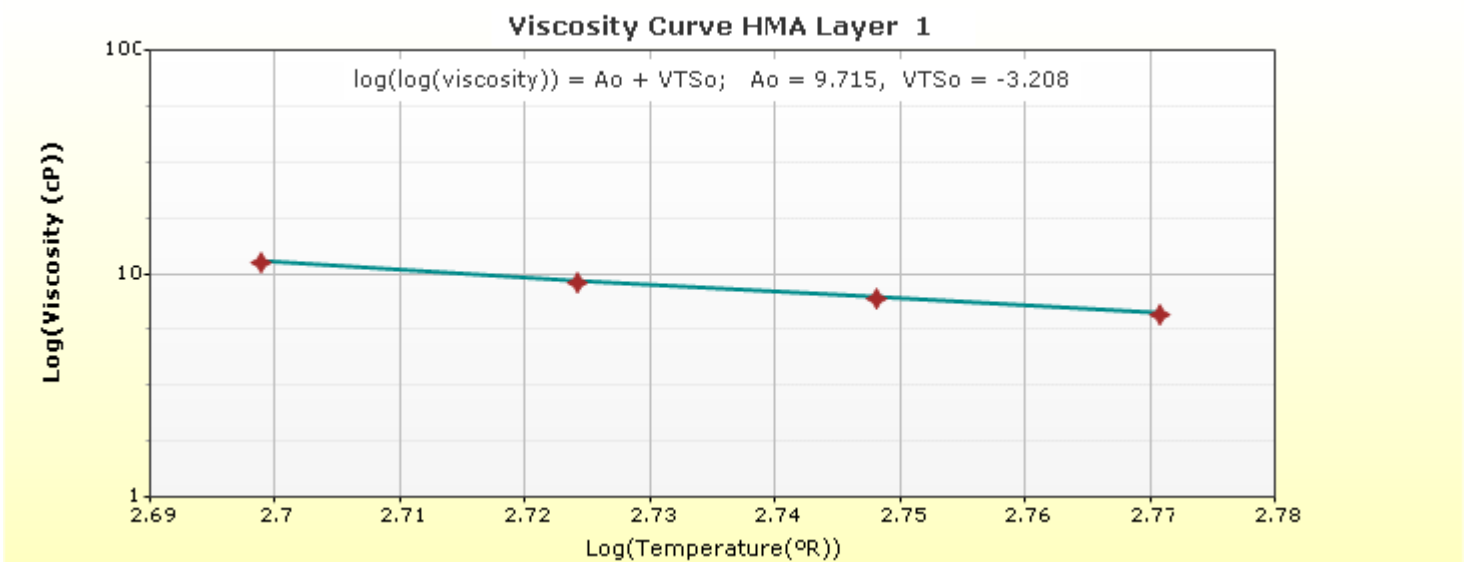
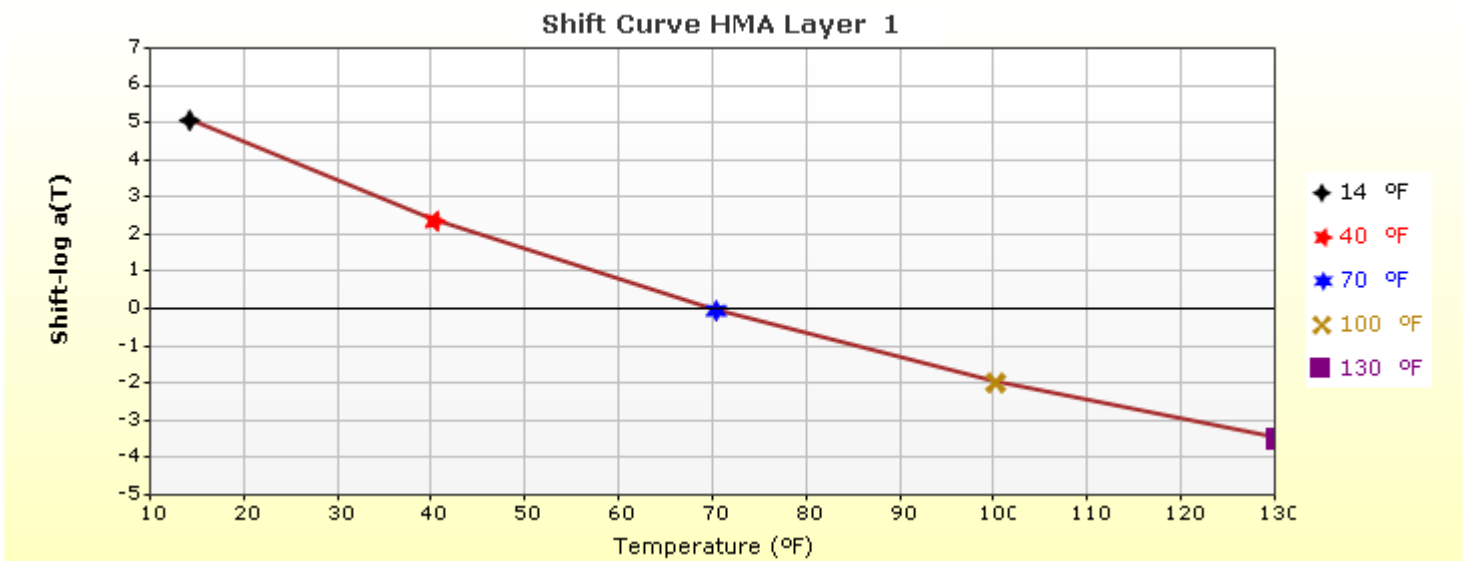
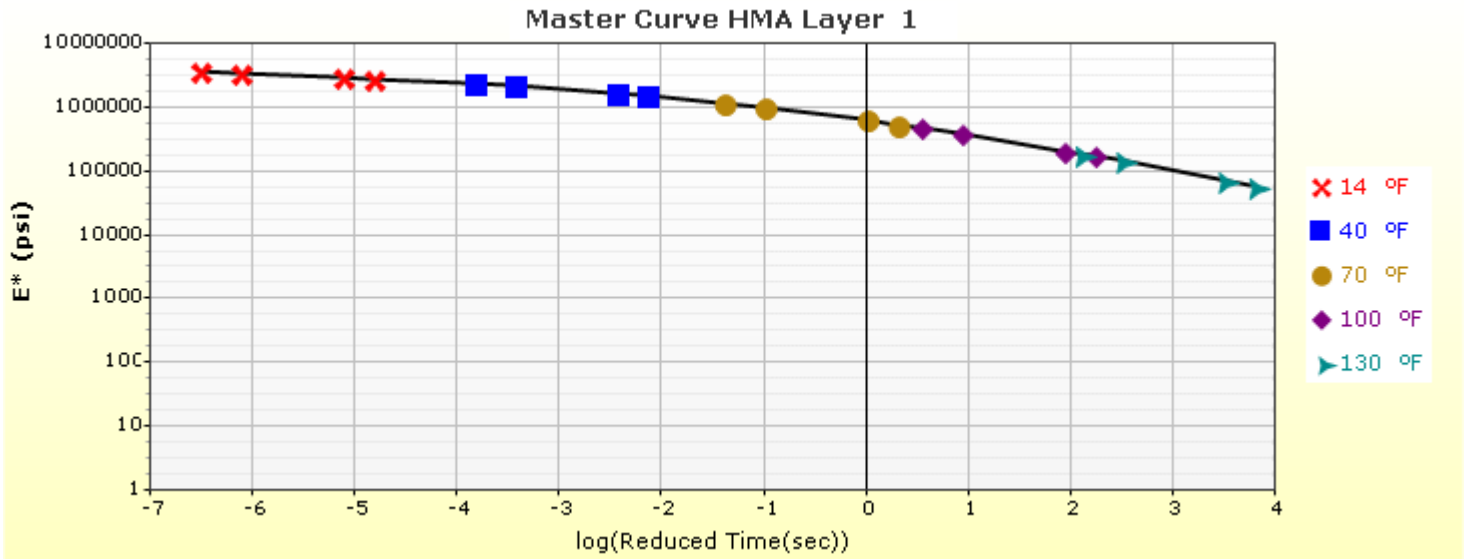
## Thermal Cracking (Input Level: 3)

Indirect tensile strength at 14 °F (psi)	388.87
<b>Thermal Contraction</b>	
Is thermal contraction calculated?	True
Mix coefficient of thermal contraction (in/in/°F)	-
Aggregate coefficient of thermal contraction (in/in/°F)	6.1e-006
Voids in Mineral Aggregate (%)	18.6

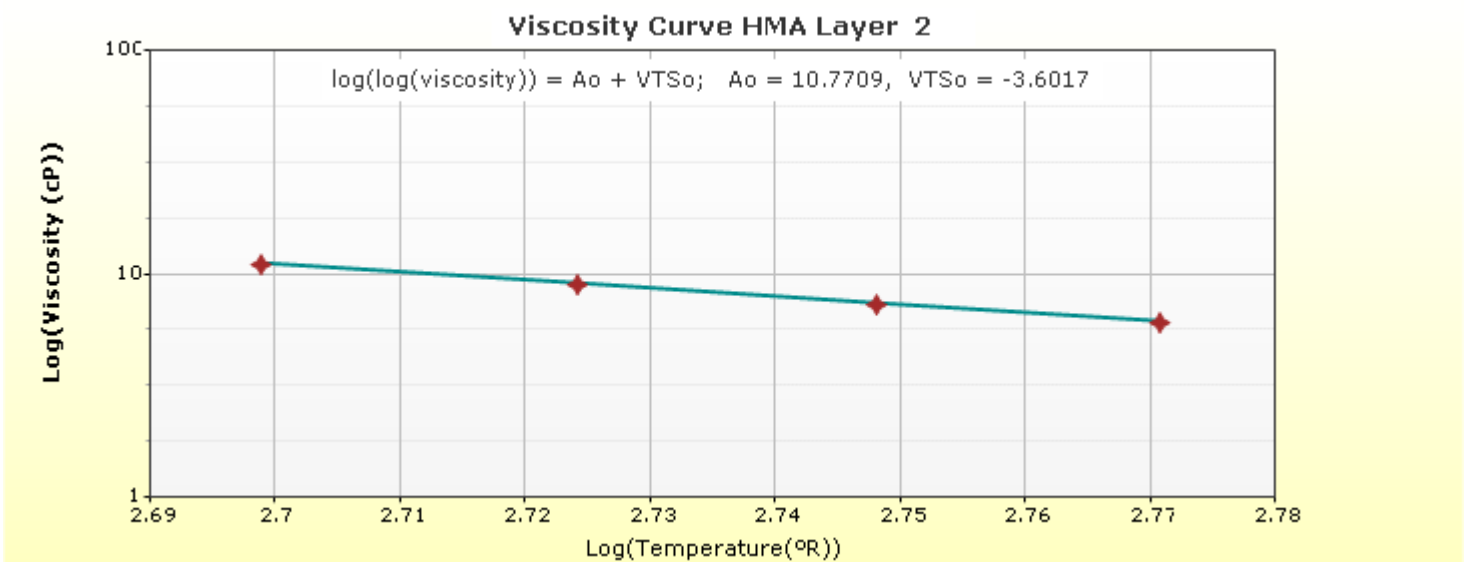
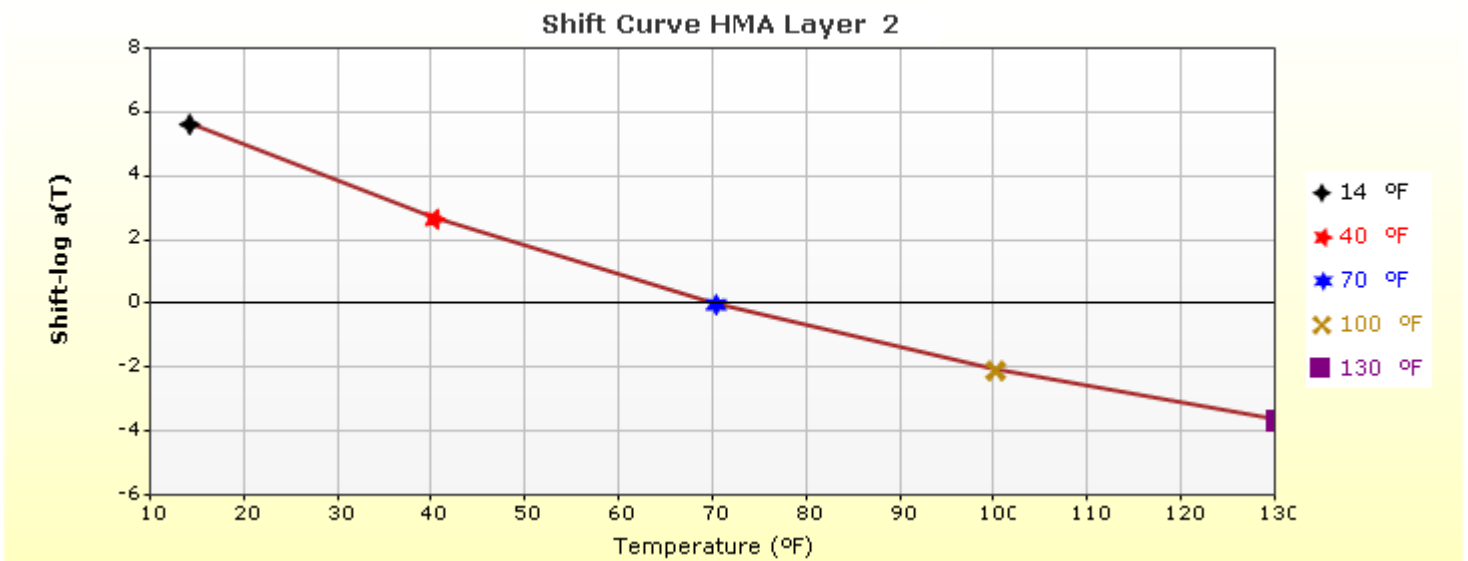
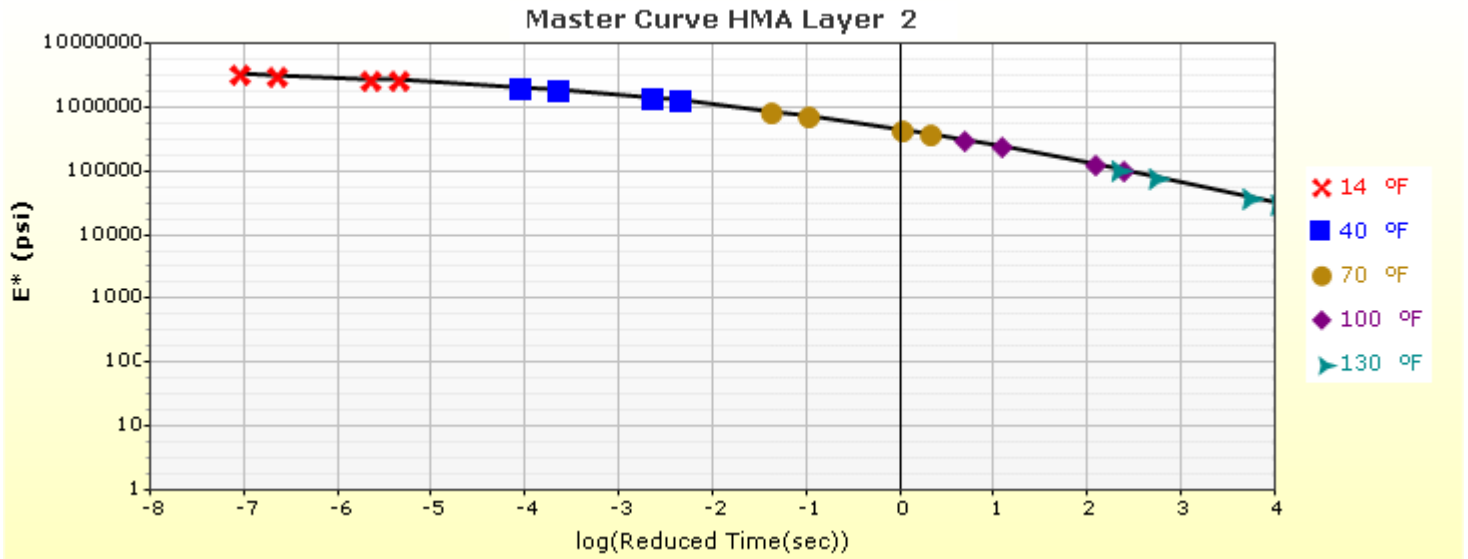
Loading time (sec)	Creep Compliance (1/psi)		
	-4 °F	14 °F	32 °F
1	4.68e-007	6.91e-007	9.34e-007
2	5.09e-007	7.97e-007	1.17e-006
5	5.68e-007	9.62e-007	1.56e-006
10	6.18e-007	1.11e-006	1.95e-006
20	6.71e-007	1.28e-006	2.43e-006
50	7.49e-007	1.55e-006	3.26e-006
100	8.14e-007	1.78e-006	4.06e-006



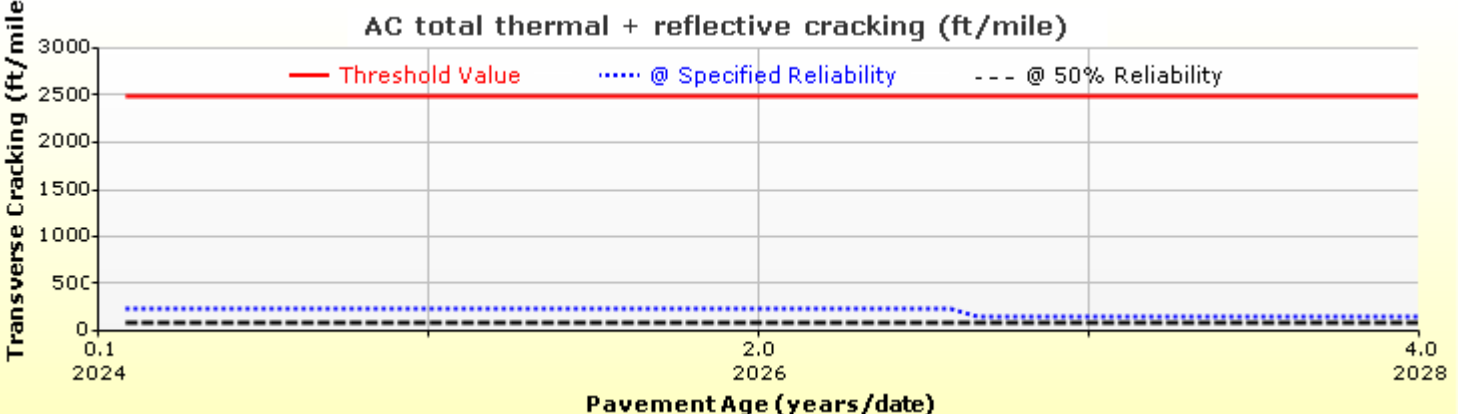
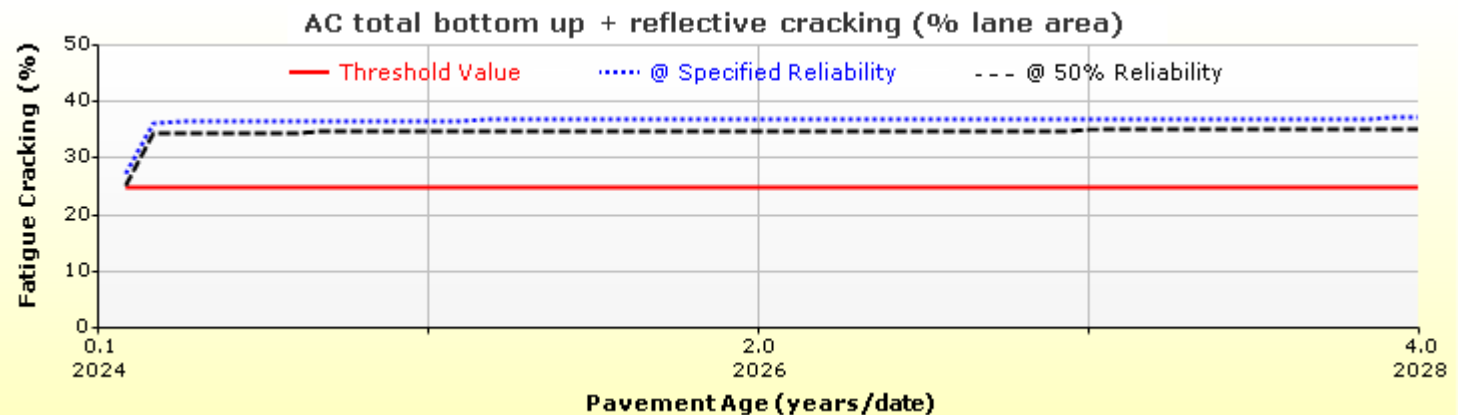
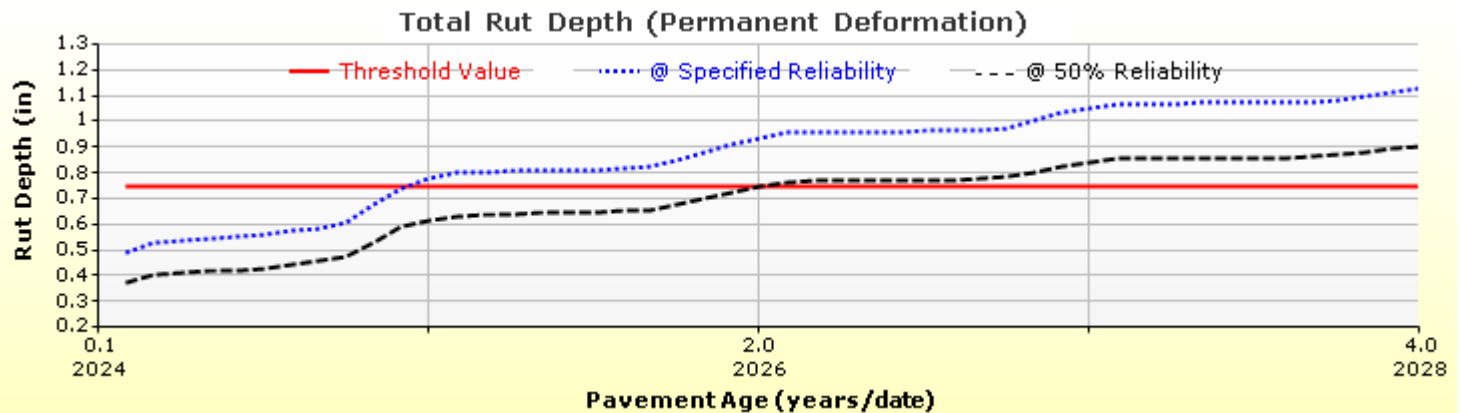
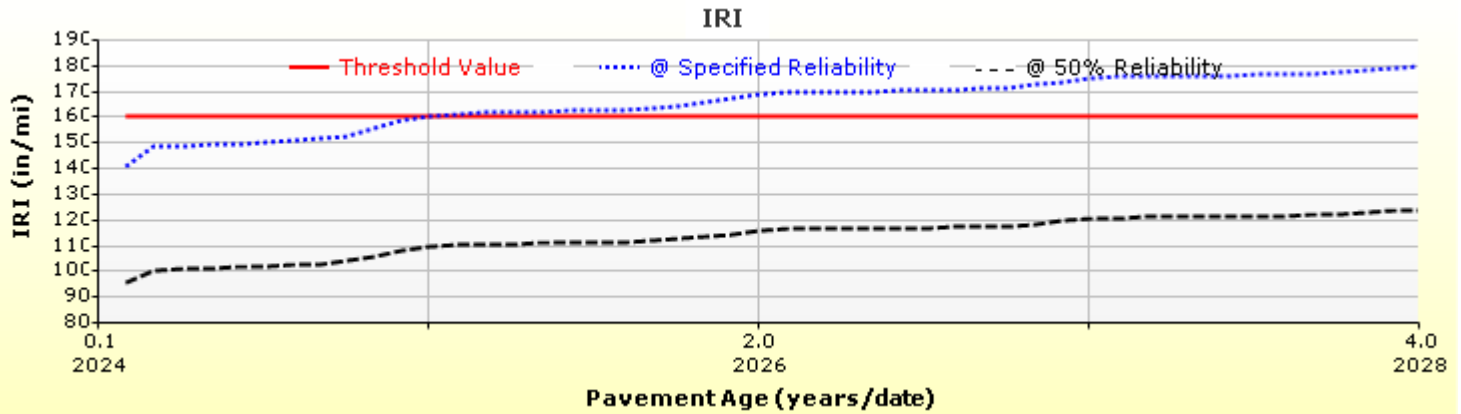
## HMA Layer 1: Layer 1 Flexible : Greenfield, 4, 76, SURFACE, 9.5 mm

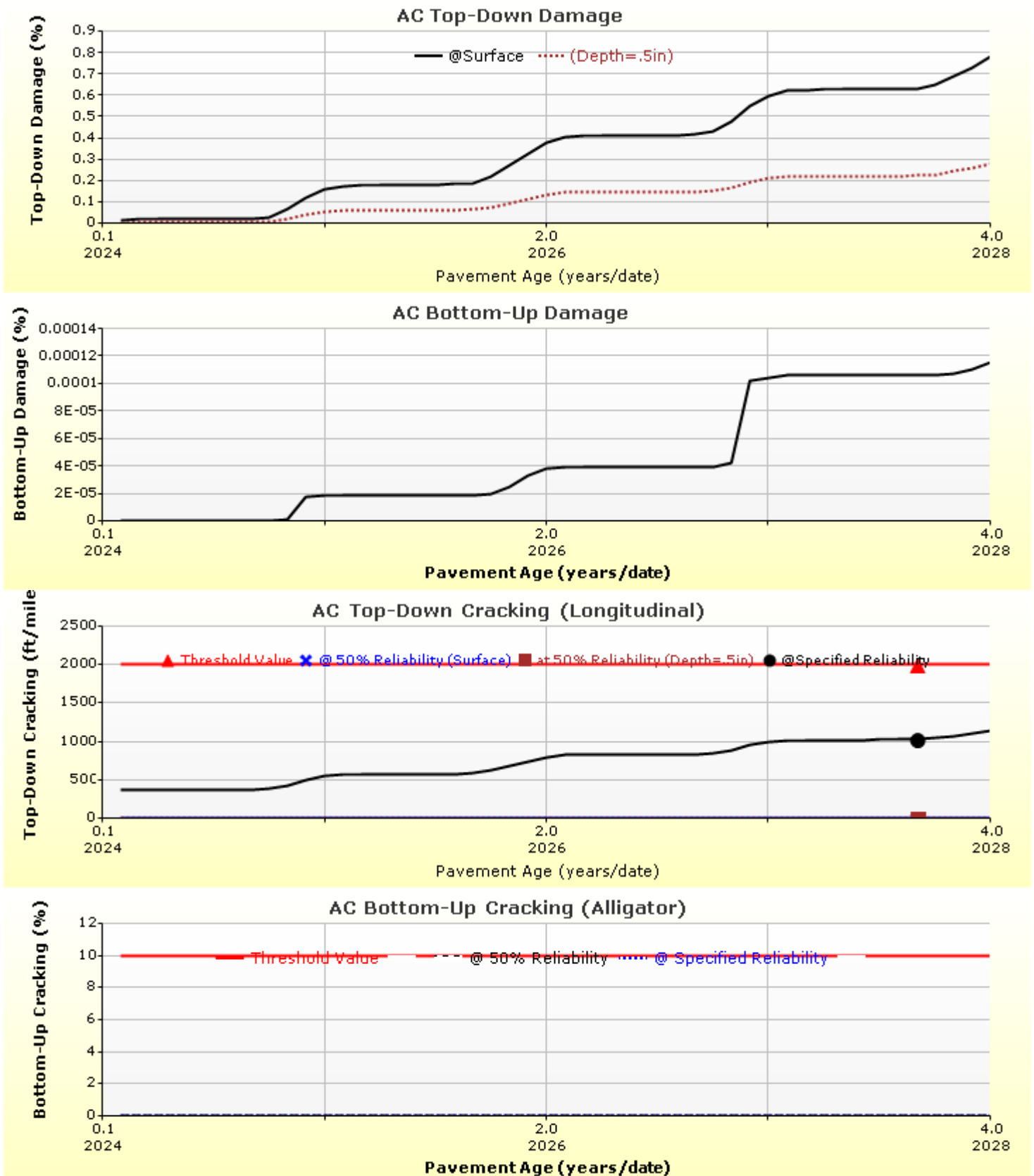


## HMA Layer 2: Layer 2 Flexible : Existing Asphalt 19.0mm(existing)

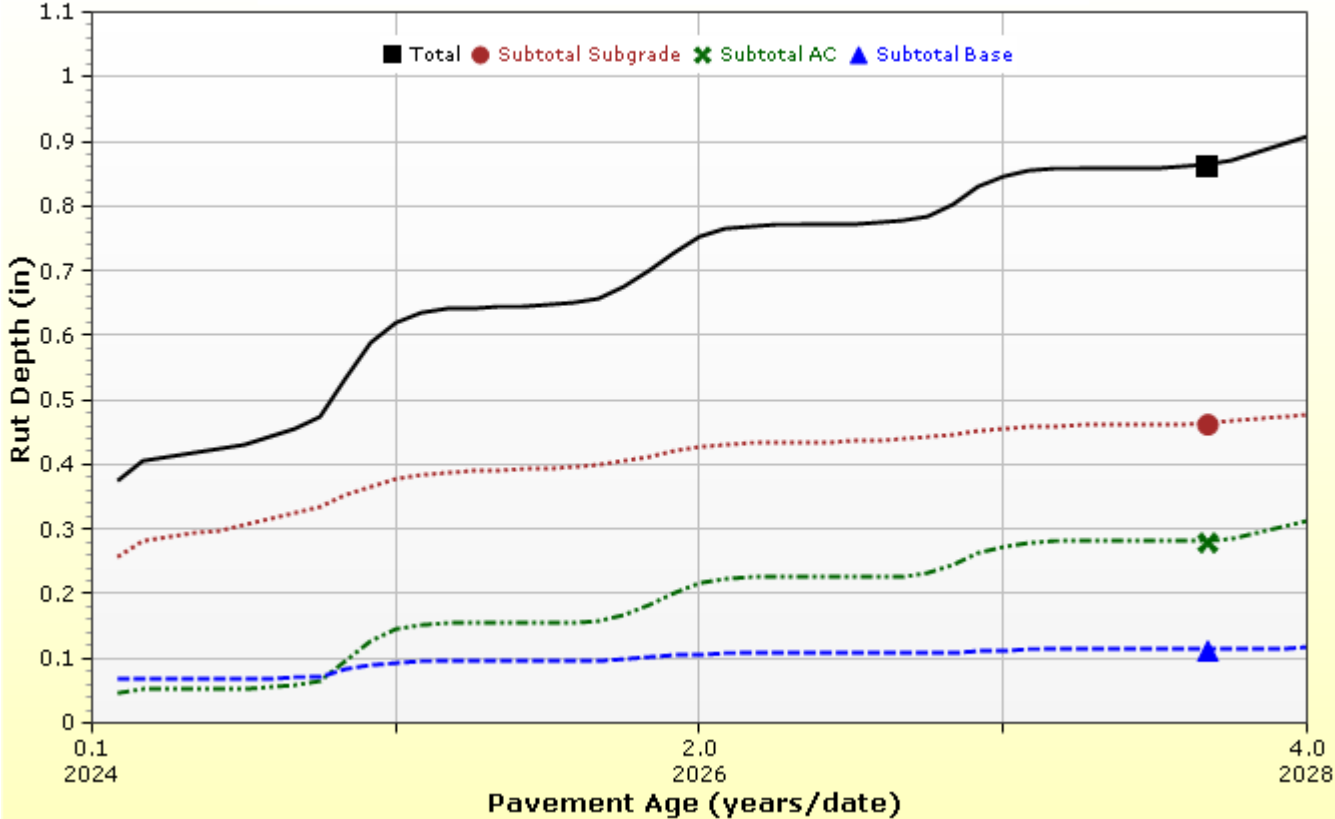


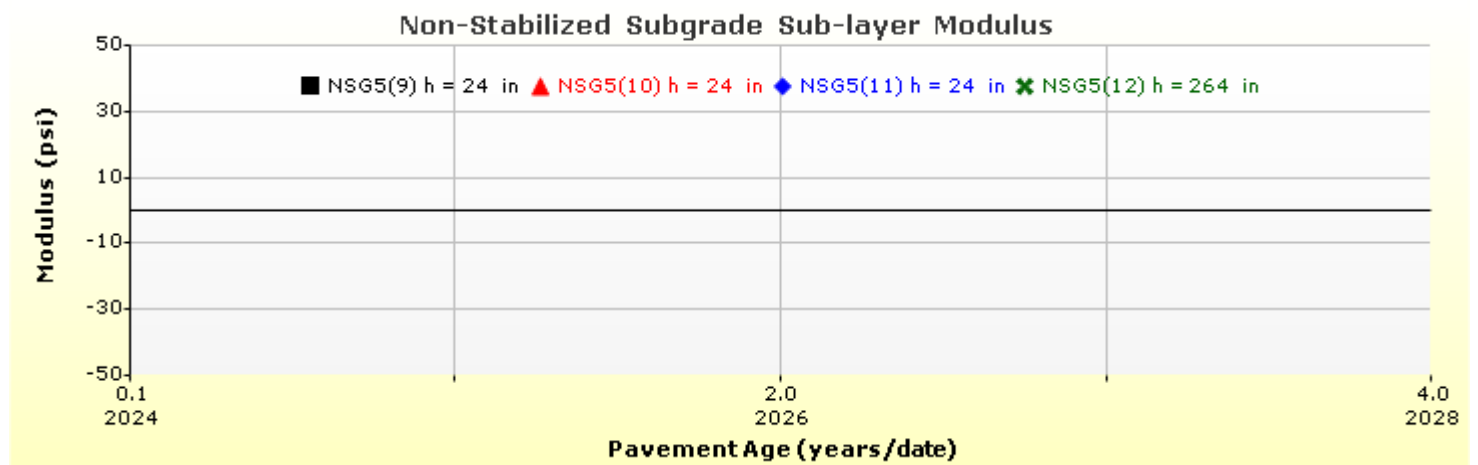
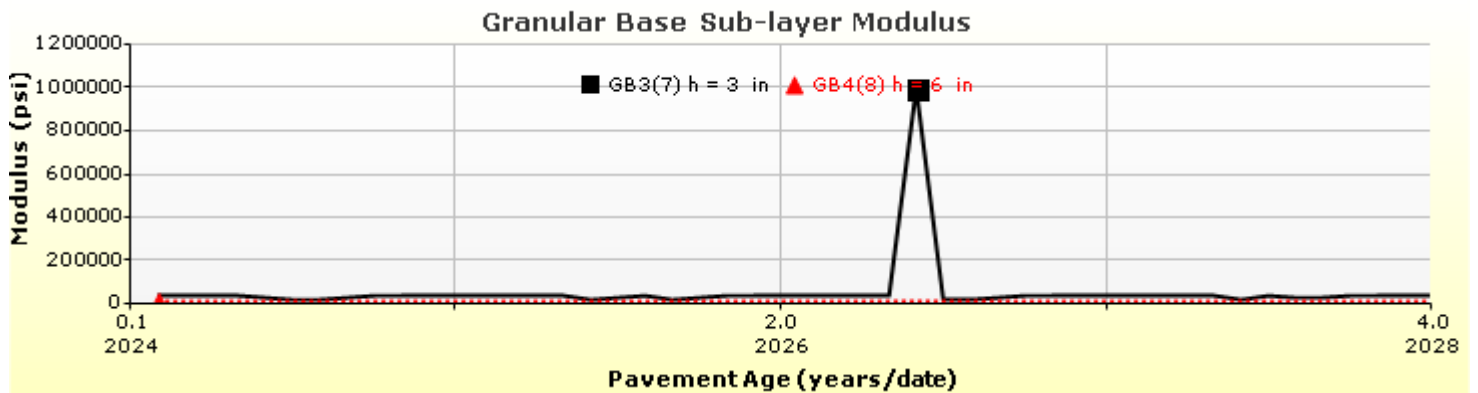
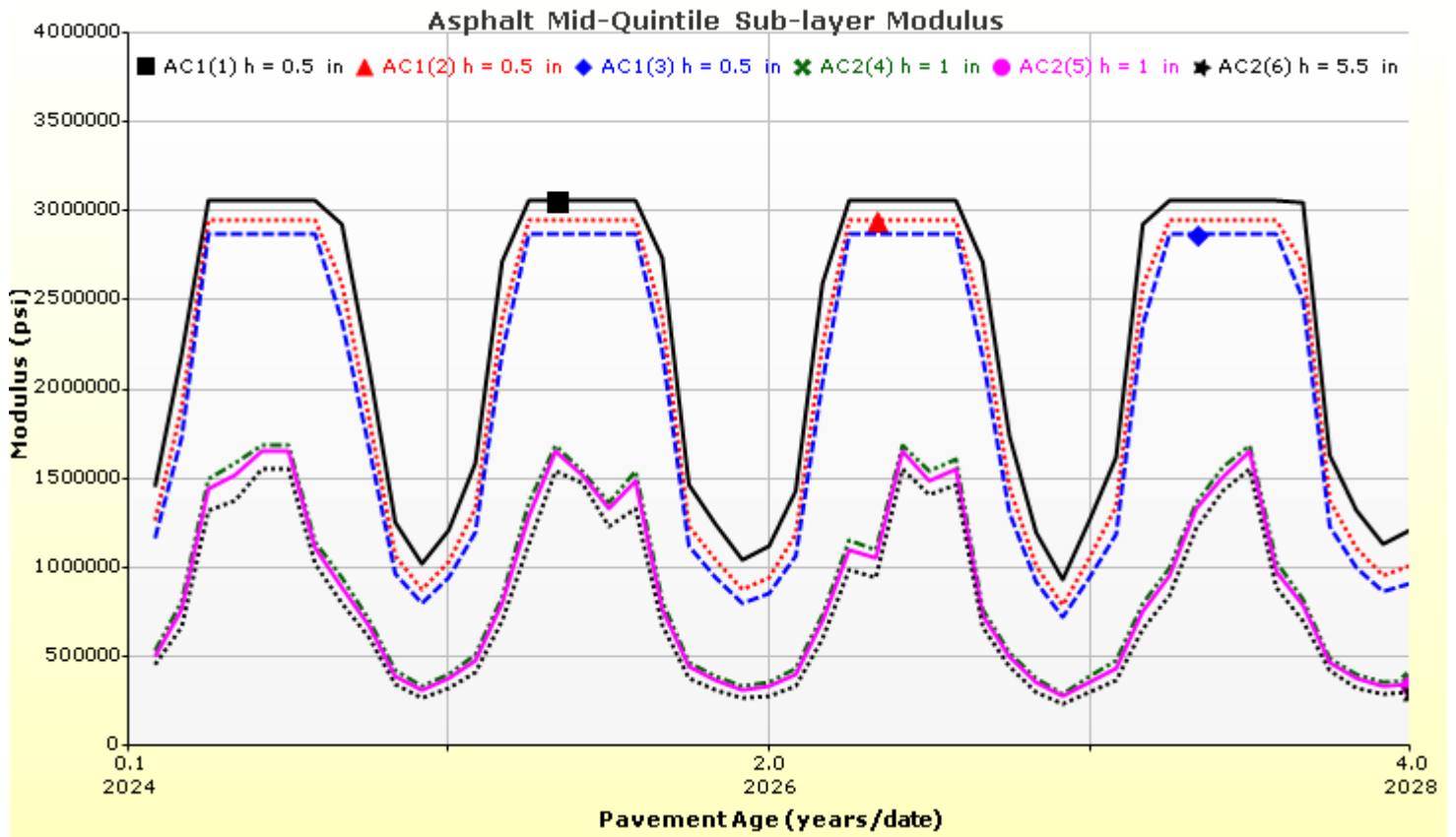
## Analysis Output Charts





## Rutting (Permanent Deformation) at 50% Reliability







# Marion County 4K AADTT 2W1L on Overlay on HMA on CompAgg



File Name: \\iotisip01pa\dot-darwin\$\Projects\\_DarWinME Inputs\HMA Materials Input Files\Asphalt Material Properties New\Greenfield\HMA Surface\Marion County 4K AADTT-2W1L

## Layer Information

### Layer 1 Flexible : Greenfield, 4, 76, SURFACE, 9.5 mm

Asphalt		
Thickness (in)	1.5	
Unit weight (pcf)	142.6	
Poisson's ratio	Is Calculated?	False
	Ratio	0.35
	Parameter A	-
	Parameter B	-

### Asphalt Dynamic Modulus (Input Level: 3)

Gradation	Percent Passing
3/4-inch sieve	100
3/8-inch sieve	95.82
No.4 sieve	68.8
No.200 sieve	6.21

### Asphalt Binder

Parameter	Value
Grade	Superpave Performance Grade
Binder Type	76-22
A	9.715
VTS	-3.208

### General Info

Name	Value
Reference temperature (°F)	70
Effective binder content (%)	11.6
Air voids (%)	7
Thermal conductivity (BTU/hr-ft-°F)	0.63
Heat capacity (BTU/lb-°F)	0.31

### Identifiers

Field	Value
Display name/identifier	Greenfield, 4, 76, SURFACE, 9.5
Description of object	
Author	
Date Created	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
Approver	
Date approved	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
State	
District	
County	
Highway	
Direction of Travel	
From station (miles)	
To station (miles)	
Province	
User defined field 1	
User defined field 2	
User defined field 3	
Revision Number	0





# Marion County 4K AADTT 2W1L on Overlay on HMA on CompAgg



File Name: \\iotisip01pa\dot-darwin\$\Projects\\_DarWinME Inputs\HMA Materials Input Files\Asphalt Material Properties New\Greenfield\HMA Surface\Marion County 4K AADTT 2W1L

## Layer 2 Flexible : Existing Asphalt 19.0mm(existing)

### Asphalt

Thickness (in)	7.5	
Unit weight (pcf)	143.8	
Poisson's ratio	Is Calculated?	False
	Ratio	0.35
	Parameter A	-
	Parameter B	-

### Asphalt Dynamic Modulus (Input Level: 3)

Gradation	Percent Passing
3/4-inch sieve	97
3/8-inch sieve	69
No.4 sieve	43
No.200 sieve	2

### Asphalt Binder

Parameter	Value
Grade	Viscosity Grade
Binder Type	AC 20
A	10.7709
VTs	-3.6017

### General Info

Name	Value
Reference temperature (°F)	70
Effective binder content (%)	10
Air voids (%)	6
Thermal conductivity (BTU/hr-ft-°F)	0.67
Heat capacity (BTU/lb-°F)	0.23

### Identifiers

Field	Value
Display name/identifier	Existing Asphalt 19.0mm
Description of object	
Author	
Date Created	10/30/2010 1:00:00 AM
Approver	
Date approved	10/30/2010 1:00:00 AM
State	
District	
County	
Highway	
Direction of Travel	
From station (miles)	
To station (miles)	
Province	
User defined field 1	
User defined field 2	
User defined field 3	
Revision Number	0

## Layer 3 Non-stabilized Base : Crushed stone

### Unbound

Layer thickness (in)	3.0
Poisson's ratio	0.35
Coefficient of lateral earth pressure (k0)	0.5

### Modulus (Input Level: 3)

<b>Analysis Type:</b>	Modify input values by temperature/moisture
<b>Method:</b>	Resilient Modulus (psi)

### Resilient Modulus (psi)

30000.0

<b>Use Correction factor for NDT modulus?</b>	-
<b>NDT Correction Factor:</b>	-

### Identifiers

Field	Value
Display name/identifier	Crushed stone
Description of object	Default material
Author	AASHTO
Date Created	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
Approver	
Date approved	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
State	
District	
County	
Highway	
Direction of Travel	
From station (miles)	
To station (miles)	
Province	
User defined field 1	
User defined field 2	
User defined field 3	
Revision Number	0

### Sieve

<b>Liquid Limit</b>	6.0
<b>Plasticity Index</b>	1.0
<b>Is layer compacted?</b>	False

	Is User Defined?	Value
Maximum dry unit weight (pcf)	False	127.2
Saturated hydraulic conductivity (ft/hr)	False	5.054e-02
Specific gravity of solids	False	2.7
Water Content (%)	False	7.4

### User-defined Soil Water Characteristic Curve (SWCC)

<b>Is User Defined?</b>	False
<b>af</b>	7.2555
<b>bf</b>	1.3328
<b>cf</b>	0.8242
<b>hr</b>	117.4000

Sieve Size	% Passing
0.001mm	
0.002mm	
0.020mm	
#200	8.7
#100	
#80	12.9
#60	
#50	
#40	20.0
#30	
#20	
#16	
#10	33.8
#8	
#4	44.7
3/8-in.	57.2
1/2-in.	63.1
3/4-in.	72.7
1-in.	78.8
1 1/2-in.	85.8
2-in.	91.6
2 1/2-in.	
3-in.	
3 1/2-in.	97.6



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## Layer 4 Non-stabilized Base : Subgrade Treatment (#53 Aggregate)

### Unbound

Layer thickness (in)	6.0
Poisson's ratio	0.35
Coefficient of lateral earth pressure (k0)	0.5

### Modulus (Input Level: 2)

<b>Analysis Type:</b>	Annual representative values
<b>Method:</b>	Resilient Modulus (psi)

### Resilient Modulus (psi)

5500.0

<b>Use Correction factor for NDT modulus?</b>	-
<b>NDT Correction Factor:</b>	-

### Identifiers

Field	Value
Display name/identifier	Subgrade Treatment (#53
Description of object	by spec
Author	AASHTO
Date Created	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
Approver	
Date approved	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
State	
District	
County	
Highway	
Direction of Travel	
From station (miles)	
To station (miles)	
Province	
User defined field 1	
User defined field 2	
User defined field 3	
Revision Number	0

### Sieve

<b>Liquid Limit</b>	6.0
<b>Plasticity Index</b>	1.0
<b>Is layer compacted?</b>	True

	Is User Defined?	Value
Maximum dry unit weight (pcf)	False	128.2
Saturated hydraulic conductivity (ft/hr)	False	2.756e-02
Specific gravity of solids	False	2.7
Water Content (%)	False	7.1

### User-defined Soil Water Characteristic Curve (SWCC)

<b>Is User Defined?</b>	False
<b>af</b>	4.0662
<b>bf</b>	1.6498
<b>cf</b>	0.7309
<b>hr</b>	117.4000

Sieve Size	% Passing
0.001mm	
0.002mm	
0.020mm	
#200	8.7
#100	
#80	
#60	
#50	
#40	
#30	21.0
#20	
#16	
#10	
#8	37.5
#4	47.5
3/8-in.	
1/2-in.	67.5
3/4-in.	80.0
1-in.	90.0
1 1/2-in.	100.0
2-in.	
2 1/2-in.	
3-in.	
3 1/2-in.	



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## Layer 5 Subgrade : A-6

### Unbound

Layer thickness (in)	Semi-infinite
Poisson's ratio	0.35
Coefficient of lateral earth pressure (k0)	0.5

### Modulus (Input Level: 3)

<b>Analysis Type:</b>	Annual representative values
<b>Method:</b>	Resilient Modulus (psi)

### Resilient Modulus (psi)

3500.0

<b>Use Correction factor for NDT modulus?</b>	-
<b>NDT Correction Factor:</b>	-

### Identifiers

Field	Value
Display name/identifier	A-6
Description of object	Default material
Author	AASHTO
Date Created	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
Approver	
Date approved	1/1/2011 12:00:00 AM
State	
District	
County	
Highway	
Direction of Travel	
From station (miles)	
To station (miles)	
Province	
User defined field 1	
User defined field 2	
User defined field 3	
Revision Number	0

### Sieve

<b>Liquid Limit</b>	33.0
<b>Plasticity Index</b>	16.0
<b>Is layer compacted?</b>	False

	Is User Defined?	Value
Maximum dry unit weight (pcf)	False	107.9
Saturated hydraulic conductivity (ft/hr)	False	1.95e-05
Specific gravity of solids	False	2.7
Water Content (%)	False	17.1

### User-defined Soil Water Characteristic Curve (SWCC)

<b>Is User Defined?</b>	False
<b>af</b>	108.4091
<b>bf</b>	0.6801
<b>cf</b>	0.2161
<b>hr</b>	500.0000

Sieve Size	% Passing
0.001mm	
0.002mm	
0.020mm	
#200	63.2
#100	
#80	73.5
#60	
#50	
#40	82.4
#30	
#20	
#16	
#10	90.2
#8	
#4	93.5
3/8-in.	96.4
1/2-in.	97.4
3/4-in.	98.4
1-in.	99.0
1 1/2-in.	99.5
2-in.	99.8
2 1/2-in.	
3-in.	
3 1/2-in.	100.0

## Calibration Coefficients

### AC Fatigue

$N_f = 0.00432 * C * \beta_{f1} k_1 \left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1}\right)^{k_2 \beta_{f2}} \left(\frac{1}{E}\right)^{k_3 \beta_{f3}}$	k1: 0.007566
$C = 10^M$	k2: 3.9492
$M = 4.84 \left(\frac{V_b}{V_a + V_b} - 0.69\right)$	k3: 1.281
	Bf1: 1
	Bf2: 1
	Bf3: 1

### AC Rutting

$\frac{\varepsilon_p}{\varepsilon_r} = k_z \beta_{r1} 10^{k_1 T} k_2 \beta_{r2} N^{k_3 \beta_{r3}}$ $k_z = (C_1 + C_2 * depth) * 0.328196^{depth}$ $C_1 = -0.1039 * H_a^2 + 2.4868 * H_a - 17.342$ $C_2 = 0.0172 * H_a^2 - 1.7331 * H_a + 27.428$ <b>Where:</b> $H_{ac} = \text{total AC thickness(in)}$	$\varepsilon_p = \text{plastic strain(in/in)}$ $\varepsilon_r = \text{resilient strain(in/in)}$ $T = \text{layer temperature(}^\circ\text{F)}$ $N = \text{number of load repetitions}$
AC Rutting Standard Deviation	0.24 * Pow(RUT,0.8026) + 0.001
AC Layer	K1:-3.35412 K2:1.5606 K3:0.4791 Br1:1 Br2:1 Br3:1

### Thermal Fracture

$C_f = 400 * N \left( \frac{\log C / h_{ac}}{\sigma} \right)$ $\Delta C = (k * \beta_t)^{n+1} * A * \Delta K^n$ $A = 10^{(4.389 - 2.52 * \log(E * \sigma_m * n))}$	$C_f = \text{observed amount of thermal cracking(ft/500ft)}$ $k = \text{refression coefficient determined through field calibration}$ $N() = \text{standard normal distribution evaluated at()}$ $\sigma = \text{standard deviation of the log of the depth of cracks in the pavments}$ $C = \text{crack depth(in)}$ $h_{ac} = \text{thickness of asphalt layer(in)}$ $\Delta C = \text{Change in the crack depth due to a cooling cycle}$ $\Delta K = \text{Change in the stress intensity factor due to a cooling cycle}$ $A, n = \text{Fracture parameters for the asphalt mixture}$ $E = \text{mixture stiffness}$ $\sigma_m = \text{Undamaged mixture tensile strength}$ $\beta_t = \text{Calibration parameter}$
Level 1 K: 1.5	
Level 2 K: 0.5	
Level 3 K: 1.5	

### CSM Fatigue

$N_f = 10^{\left( \frac{k_1 \beta_{c1} \left( \frac{\sigma_s}{M_r} \right)}{k_2 \beta_{c2}} \right)}$	$N_f = \text{number of repetitions to fatigue cracking}$ $\sigma_s = \text{Tensile stress(psi)}$ $M_r = \text{modulus of rupture(psi)}$
k1: 1	k2: 1 Bc1: 0.75 Bc2:1.1

## Subgrade Rutting

$$\delta_a(N) = \beta_{s_1} k_1 \varepsilon_v h \left( \frac{\varepsilon_0}{\varepsilon_r} \right) \left| e^{-\left( \frac{\rho}{N} \right)^\beta} \right|$$

$\delta_a$  = permanent deformation for the layer  
 $N$  = number of repetitions  
 $\varepsilon_v$  = average vertical strain(in/in)  
 $\varepsilon_0, \beta, \rho$  = material properties  
 $\varepsilon_r$  = resilient strain(in/in)

### Granular

k1: 2.03

Bs1: 1

Standard Deviation (BASERUT)

0.1477 \* Pow(BASERUT,0.6711) + 0.001

### Fine

k1: 1.35

Bs1: 1

Standard Deviation (BASERUT)

0.1235 \* Pow(SUBBRUT,0.5012) + 0.001

## AC Cracking

### AC Top Down Cracking

$$FC_{top} = \left( \frac{C_4}{1 + e^{(C_1 - C_2 * \log_{10}(Damage))}} \right) * 10.56$$

### AC Bottom Up Cracking

$$FC = \left( \frac{6000}{1 + e^{(C_1 * C'_1 + C_2 * C'_2 * \log_{10}(D * 100))}} \right) * \left( \frac{1}{60} \right)$$

$$C'_2 = -2.40874 - 39.748 * (1 + h_{ac})^{-2.856}$$

$$C'_1 = -2 * C'_2$$

c1: 7

c2: 3.5

c3: 0

c4: 1000

c1: 1

c2: 1

c3: 6000

### AC Cracking Top Standard Deviation

200 + 2300/(1+exp(1.072-2.1654\*LOG10  
(TOP+0.0001)))

### AC Cracking Bottom Standard Deviation

1.13 + 13/(1+exp(7.57-15.5\*LOG10  
(BOTTOM+0.0001)))

## CSM Cracking

$$FC_{ctb} = C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1 + e^{C_3 - C_4(Damage)}}$$

C1: 0

C2: 75

C3: 5

C4: 3

## IRI Flexible Pavements

C1 - Rutting

C3 - Transverse Crack

C2 - Fatigue Crack

C4 - Site Factors

C1: 40

C2: 0.4

C3: 0.008

C4: 0.015

### CSM Standard Deviation

CTB\*11

## Reflective Cracking

$$\Delta C = k_1 \Delta_{\text{bending}} + k_2 \Delta_{\text{shearing}} + k_3 \Delta_{\text{thermal}}$$

$$\Delta D = \frac{C_1 k_1 \Delta_{\text{bending}} + C_2 k_2 \Delta_{\text{shearing}} + C_3 k_3 \Delta_{\text{thermal}}}{h_{OL}}$$

$$\Delta_{\text{Bending}} = A(\text{SIF})_B^n$$

$$\Delta_{\text{Shearing}} = A(\text{SIF})_S^n$$

$$\Delta_{\text{Thermal}} = A(\text{SIF})_T^n$$

$$D = \sum_{i=1}^N \Delta D$$

$$\text{RCR} = \left( \frac{100}{C_4 + e^{C_5 \log D}} \right) * \text{EX\_CRK}$$

Where

- $\Delta C$  = Crack length increment, in
- $\Delta D$  = Incremental damage ratio
- $k_1, k_2, k_3, C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5$  = Calibration factors (local and global)
- $\Delta_{\text{bending}}, \Delta_{\text{shearing}}, \Delta_{\text{thermal}}$  = Crack length increments caused by bending, shearing, and thermal loading
- $A, n$  = HMA material fracture properties
- $N$  = Total number of days
- $(\text{SIF})_B, (\text{SIF})_S, (\text{SIF})_T$  = Stress intensity factors caused by bending, shearing, and thermal loading
- $D$  = Damage ratio
- $h_{OL}$  = Overlay thickness, in
- $\text{RCR}$  = Cracks in the underlying layers reflected, %
- $\text{EX\_CRK}$  = Transverse cracking in underlying pavement layers, ft/mile (transverse cracking)  
Alligator cracking in underlying pavement layers, % lane area (alligator cracking)

Pavement Type	Distress Type	k1	k2	k3	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	Standard Deviation
AC over AC	Transverse	0.012	0.005	1	3.22	25.7	0.1	133.4	-72.4	70.98 * Pow (TRANSVERSE,0.2 994) + 30.12
AC over AC	Fatigue	0.012	0.005	1	0.38	1.66	2.72	105.4	-7.02	1.1097 * Pow (FATIGUE,0.6804) + 1.23